## $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Math~203~-~Calculus~III} \\ {\rm Quiz~1-~2009} \end{array}$

- 1. Let  $\overrightarrow{A}=\langle 3,2,-1\rangle$ ,  $\overrightarrow{B}=\langle -2,0,3\rangle$ . Find the unit vector in the direction of of  $\overrightarrow{B}\times\overrightarrow{A}$ .
- 2. Use cross product to find the angle between the vectors  $\overrightarrow{A}=3\mathbf{i}+\mathbf{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{B}=4\mathbf{j}+\mathbf{k}$ .
- 3. Find the distance from the point Q=(1,3,1) to the line through (1,3,-2) and (1,0,-2).

#### Math 203 - Calculus III Quiz 2- 2009

- 1. For the planes x 2y + z = 0 and 2x + 3y 2z = 0
  - (a) Find the angle between them.
  - (b) Find parametric equations of their line of intersection.
- 2. Find the equation of the plane containg the points (2,1,1),(0,4,1), and (-2,1,4).

# Math 203 - Calculus III Quiz 3- , 2009

Find the minimum and maximum values of f(x,y)=x+2y subject to the constraint  $x^2+y^2=1$ 

### $\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{MTH} \ 203\text{-Quiz} \ 4 \\ 2009 \end{array}$

- 1. Graph the region, switch the integral and compute  $\int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^1 \frac{3}{4+y^3} dy dx$ .
- 2. Set up (don't compute) a double integral for the volume bounded by  $z=\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}$  inside  $x^2+y^2=1$  in the first octant.

#### MTH 203-Quiz 5

1. Compute  $\int_R x \, dA$  where R is the annular region lying between  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

2. Find the surface area of the portion bounded by  $z=\sqrt{25-x^2-y^2}$  that lies above the region bounded by the circle  $x^2+y^2=9$ .

#### MTH 203-Quiz 6, 2009

1. Convert to cylindrical and **compute**:  $\int_{-2}^{2} \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_{x^2+y^2}^{4} x \ dz \ dy \ dx$ .

2. Set up a formula (don't compute) for the volume of the solid that lies between the spheres  $x^2+y^2+z^2=1$  and  $x^2+y^2+z^2=2$  and inside the cone  $z=\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ .

#### MTH 203-Quiz 7, 2009

1. Evaluate  $\int_C (x^2 - y + 3z) \ ds$  where C is the line segment from (0,0,0) to (1,2,1).

- 2. Evaluate  $\int_C \ y \ dx + x^2 \ dy$  where C is the parabola  $y = 4x x^2$  from (4,0) to (1,3).
- 3. Find the work done by the force field  $\mathbf{F}(x,y)=xy\mathbf{i}+y\mathbf{j}$  in moving a particle along the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t)=4t\mathbf{i}+t\mathbf{j},\ 0\leq t\leq 1.$

#### MTH 203-Quiz 8, 2009

1. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate  $\int_C y^3 dx + (x^3 + 3xy^2) dy$  where C is the path from (0,0) to (1,1) along the graph  $y=x^3$  and from (1,1) along the graph y=x.

2. Use Green's Theorem to find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of y=2x+1 and  $y=4-x^2$ .